## VII: Calculating time-use indicators

Regional Workshop on Time Use Statistics: Methods and Uses
Tunis, 10-12 October 2023


## Analytical treatment of simultaneous activities

## No international agreement - Options based on UN Guide 2005

One hour of folding laundry as a primary activity and providing supervisory childcare during that same hour (while the child was taking a nap).

| Method | Ironing, pressing and folding ICATUS 343 | Minding children (passive care) ICATUS 416 | Advantages | Limitations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Same amount of time to the activities | 60 min | 60 min | - Easily Implemented | - Exceed 24 hours per day. <br> - Assumption: "output" of an activity performed jointly is the same as when the activity is performed solely. |
| Account only main activity | 60 min | -- | - Simplifies tabulation <br> - Ensure 24 hours per day | - Requires determination of what is a main activity <br> - Underreport of supervisory care |
| Compound activities | Laundry and | care 60 min | - Conceptually appealing | - Classification scheme is altered |

## Analytical treatment of simultaneous activities .

## No international agreement - Options based on UN Guide 2005

One hour of folding laundry as a primary activity and providing supervisory childcare during that same hour (while the child was taking a nap).
Adult women spend on average 10 hours a week folding laundry and 20 hours a week supervising children (as sole activities) (1/3 and 2/3)
The value of domestic work is $\$ 15$ per hour and the value of babysitting is $\$ 5$ per hour (3/4 and 1/4)

| Method | Ironing, <br> pressing and <br> folding <br> ICATUS 343 | Minding <br> children <br> (passive care) <br> ICATUS 416 |  | Advantages | Limitations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

One hour of folding laundry as a primary activity and providing supervis

$$
\text { The value of domestic work is } \$ 15 \text { per hour and the value of babysitting is } \$ 5 \text { per hour (3/4 and 1/4) }
$$

## Key time-use indicators - activity level

$$
\text { Participation rate }=\frac{\text { Number of persons who reported doing the activity }}{\text { Number of people in (sub)population }} * 100
$$

Average time among participants $=\frac{\sum \text { time spent on activity by total (sub)population }}{\text { Number of persons who reported doing the activity }}$

$$
\text { Average time }=\frac{\sum \text { time spent on activity by total (sub)population }}{\text { Number of people in (sub)population }}
$$

## Key time-use indicators - activity level

Summary table from Statistics Belgium 2013 survey

| Day of the week | Weekdays |  |  | Saturday |  |  | Sunday |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Duration per respondent (h/day) | Duration per participant (h/day) | Participation rate | Duration per respondent (h/day) | Duration per participant (h/day) | Participation rate | Duration per respondent (h/day) | Duration per participant (h/day) | Participation rate |
| Paid work | 02:44 | 07:21 | 37.2 \% | 00:47 | 06:06 | 12.8 \% | 00:25 | 04:53 | 8.5 \% |
| Household work | 02:29 | 02:53 | 86.0\% | 03:01 | 03:25 | 88.3 \% | 02:18 | 02:42 | 85.1 \% |
| Childcare and raising children | 00:22 | 01:32 | 23.6 \% | 00:20 | 01:47 | 18.8\% | 00:21 | 01:45 | 19.6 \% |
| Personal care | 02:23 | 02:23 | 100.0\% | 02:38 | 02:38 | 100.0\% | 02:35 | 02:35 | 100.0\% |
| Sleep and rest | 08:48 | 08:48 | 100.0\% | 09:14 | 09:14 | 100.0\% | 10:08 | 10:08 | 100.0\% |
| Education | 00:50 | 06:02 | 13.6\% | 00:18 | 03:46 | $7.8 \%$ | 00:18 | 03:25 | 8.6 \% |
| Social participation | 01:15 | 01:47 | 69.4\% | 02:02 | 02:38 | 77.1 \% | 01:53 | 02:24 | 78.8 \% |
| Free time | 03:46 | 03:58 | 94.9\% | 04:21 | 04:37 | 94.3 \% | 04:59 | 05:09 | 96.9 \% |
| Transportation | 01:18 | 01:29 | 87.4\% | 01:15 | 01:28 | 84.4 \% | 00:59 | 01:20 | 74.5 \% |
| Other | 00:05 | 00:39 | 12.4 \% | 00:05 | 00:45 | 11.2 \% | 00:05 | 00:39 | 12.0 \% |

Table A-1. Time spent in detailed primary activities and percent of the civilian population engaging in each activity, averages per day by sex, 2021 annual averages

| Activity | Average hours per day, civilian population |  |  | Average percent engaged in the activity per day |  |  | Average hours per day for persons who engaged in the activity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women |
| Total, all activities................................................ | 24.00 | 24.00 | 24.00 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | - | - | - |
| Personal care activities.. | 9.70 | 9.51 | 9.88 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 9.71 | 9.52 | 9.88 |
| Sleeping ${ }^{1 .}$ | 8.95 | 8.86 | 9.04 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 8.96 | 8.87 | 9.04 |
| Grooming. | 0.65 | 0.56 | 0.74 | 78.1 | 75.3 | 80.7 | 0.83 | 0.74 | 0.92 |
| Health-related self care. | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.09 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 1.06 | 1.03 | 1.09 |
| Personal activities.. | 0.01 | 0.01 | $-^{2}$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 2.78 | 4.01 | 1.48 |
| Travel related to personal care. | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.70 |
| Eating and drinking. | 1.19 | 1.20 | 1.17 | 97.0 | 96.9 | 97.1 | 1.22 | 1.24 | 1.20 |
| Eating and drinking. | 1.11 | 1.12 | 1.09 | 97.0 | 96.9 | 97.1 | 1.14 | 1.16 | 1.12 |
| Travel related to eating and drinking. | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 14.1 | 15.0 | 13.2 | 0.55 | 0.52 | 0.58 |
| Household activities.. | 1.95 | 1.54 | 2.33 | 78.9 | 71.1 | 86.2 | 2.47 | 2.16 | 2.70 |
| Housework. | 0.58 | 0.30 | 0.84 | 35.6 | 21.4 | 49.1 | 1.62 | 1.38 | 1.71 |
| Interior cleaning. | 0.35 | 0.20 | 0.49 | 23.8 | 14.0 | 33.0 | 1.48 | 1.46 | 1.48 |
| Laundry... | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.27 | 15.5 | 6.6 | 23.9 | 1.12 | 1.15 | 1.11 |
| Storing interior household items, including food.... | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 8.3 | 0.34 | 0.31 | 0.35 |
| Food preparation and cleanup.. | 0.64 | 0.42 | 0.86 | 61.9 | 50.8 | 72.4 | 1.04 | 0.82 | 1.19 |
| Food and drink preparation.. | 0.50 | 0.34 | 0.65 | 58.4 | 47.8 | 68.3 | 0.85 | 0.71 | 0.95 |
| Kitchen and food cleanup.. | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.20 | 23.9 | 14.3 | 33.0 | 0.59 | 0.52 | 0.62 |
| Lawn and garden care.. | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 10.1 | 11.3 | 9.0 | 2.02 | 2.38 | 1.60 |
| Household management. | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 17.9 | 15.1 | 20.6 | 0.79 | 0.74 | 0.83 |
| Financial management. | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 1.10 | 1.01 | 1.18 |
| Household and personal organization and planning. | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 15.1 | 12.1 | 17.9 | 0.71 | 0.68 | 0.74 |
| Interior maintenance, repair, and decoration. | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.27 | 2.77 | 1.70 |
| Exterior maintenance, repair, and decoration. | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 1.98 | 2.26 | 1.48 |
| Animals and pets.. | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 19.7 | 16.4 | 22.8 | 0.77 | 0.82 | 0.74 |
| Care for animals and pets, not veterinary care...... | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 14.2 | 11.2 | 17.0 | 0.52 | 0.55 | 0.49 |
| Walking, exercising, and playing with animals...... | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 9.9 | 0.85 | 0.85 | 0.85 |
| Vehicles.. | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 1.65 | 1.91 | 0.82 |
| Appliances, tools, and toys............................... | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.12 | 1.34 | 0.80 |
| Travel related to household activities.. | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 7.8 | 6.8 | 8.6 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.59 |
| Purchasing goods and services.. | 0.68 | 0.57 | 0.78 | 40.5 | 37.1 | 43.7 | 1.68 | 1.55 | 1.79 |
| Consumer goods purchases.. | 0.32 | 0.25 | 0.38 | 36.6 | 33.7 | 39.4 | 0.87 | 0.75 | 0.96 |
| Grocery shopping....................................... | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 12.5 | 10.6 | 14.2 | 0.80 | 0.74 | 0.84 |
| Professional and personal care services................ | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.11 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 8.9 | 1.16 | 1.07 | 1.22 |
| Financial services and banking........................ | 0.01 | ${ }^{2}$ | 0.01 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 0.31 | 0.29 | 0.33 |
| Medical and care services.............................. | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 4.2 | 3.1 | 5.3 | 1.37 | 1.50 | 1.30 |

Most common combination of two simultaneous activities, South Africa

| $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ activity | $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ activity | \% of 2 simultaneous <br> activities |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Watch TV | Socialise with family | 16.0 |
| Eat and drink | Watch TV | 12.8 |
| Eat and drink | Socialise with friends | 5.0 |
| Eat and drink | Socialise with family | 4.4 |
| Cooking | Sat and drink | 3.4 |
| Watch TV | Watch TV | 3.2 |
| Cooking | Listen to radio | 3.1 |
| Cleaning | Listen to radio | 2.3 |
| Cooking | Listen to radio | 2.2 |
| Socialise with family | Listen to radio | 2.0 |
| Socialise with friends | Socialise with family | 1.9 |
| Cooking | Listen to radio | 1.9 |
| Eat and drink |  | 1.7 |

## TNRH de CUIDADOS para el propio Hogar

Promedio de horas a la semana de la población de 12 años y más que realiza actividad de cuidados, por tipo de actividad de cuidado a integrante del hogar, y sexo

|  |  |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2019 |  |
|  | 2014 |
|  | 2019 |
|  | 2019 |


| Sin cuidados <br> pasivos |
| :---: |
| $9.3 \mathrm{~h}^{*}$ |
| 8.9 h |
| $12.3 \mathrm{~h}^{*}$ |
| 11.7 h |
| $5.4 \mathrm{~h}^{*}$ |
| 5.2 h |

Primary activities only
= No supervisory care

$-$
En total, considerando cuidados pasivos, las mujeres dedican en promedio 15.9 horas semanales más al cuidado que los hombres. Excluyendo cuidados pasivos, la brecha se reduce a 6.9 horas.

[^0]

Target 5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared
responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate

SDG 5.4.1. Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work by sex, age and location

Time use statistics are key to recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work and to promote shared responsibility within the household and the family

Unpaid Domestic and Care Work

| Intended destination of production | For own final use |  |  | For use by others |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forms of work | Own-use production work |  |  | Employment (work for pay or profit) |  |  | Unpaid trainee work | Other work activities | Volunteer work |  |  |
|  | Services |  |  |  |  |  | Market and nonmarket |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { eholds } \\ & \text { ucing } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | Goods |  |  |  | units |  | Goods | Services |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Relation } \\ & \text { to SNA } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Activities within the SNA production boundary (included in the GDP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Activities within the SNA general production boundary (excluded from the GDP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ICATUS 2016 | 4. <br> Unpaid caregiving services for household and family members | 3. <br> Unpaid domestic services for household and family members | 2.Production of goods forown final use | 1. Employment and related activities ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  | 5. Unpaid volunteer, trainee and other unpaid work |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 11. <br> Employment in corporations, government and non-profit institutions | 12. <br> Employment in household enterprises to produce goods | 13. <br> Employment in households and household enterprises to provide services |  | 53. <br> Unpaid trainee work and related activities | 59. <br> Other unpaid work activities | 51. <br> Unpaid direct volunteering for other households ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 14 Ancillary activities and breaks related to employment 15 Training and studies in relation to employment 17 Setting up a business 181 Employment-related travel |  |  | 52. <br> Unpaid community - and organizationbased volunteering ${ }^{b}$ |  |  |
| Type of work | Unpaid work <br> (unpaid care work, domestic work and production of goods for own final use ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  |  | Paid work |  |  | Unpaid work(community, volunteer, trainee work ) |  |  |  |  |

Time spent on unpaid domestic and care work
$\sum$ Activities under ICATUS major division $3+\sum$ Activities under ICATUS major division 4

Note: These indicators require that the time spent in all activities should amount to $\mathbf{2 4}$ hours Only main activity

Minimum Set of Gender Indicators I. 1
Average number of hours spent on unpaid domestic and care work

## Sustainable Development Goals indicator

5.4.1

Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work

## Unpaid Domestic and Care Work



Minimum Set of Gender Indicators I.1: Average number of hours spent on unpaid domestic and care work

Average number of hours spent daily on unpaid domestic and care work
$=\frac{\text { Total number of daily hours spent by the population on unpaid domestic and care work activities }}{\text { Total population (regardless of whether they participated in the activity) }}$
daily hours spent on unpaid domestic work $=$ Total number of daily hours spent by the population on activites under ICATUS 3 daily hours spent on unpaid care work $=$ Total number of daily hours spent by the population on activities under ICATUS 4
Expressed in hours

Sustainable Development Goals indicator 5.4.1: Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work

> Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work
> $=\frac{\text { Average number of hours spent daily on unpaid domestic and care work }}{24} * 100$

## Example: 1. Identify activities for SDG 5.4.1

## Personal care activities:

Sleeping
Sleeplessness
Personal hygiene
Personal health care
Eating and drinking
Travel associated with personal care activities

## Employment related activities:

Work
Job Search
Travel associated with employment activities
Education activities:
Formal education
Travel associated with education activities
Voluntary work activities:
Voluntary work
Help/favour for friend/neighbour Travel associated with voluntary work

## Domestic activities:

Food and drink preparation/service
Shopping
Housework
Grounds care and gardening
Home and vehicle maintenance
Household management
Pet and animal care
Travel associated with domestic activities

## Child care activities:

Physical and emotional care of children
Teaching/helping/reprimanding children
Playing/reading/talking with child
Minding child
Accompanying child to school or extracurricular activities
Feeding and food preparation for children
Travel associated with child care activities

## Adult care activities:

Physical care for adults (sick, with disability o aged)
Travel associated with adult care activities

## Social and community interaction:

Social Interaction
Visiting entertainment and cultural venues
Eating and drinking out
Religious or cultural practices
Community participation
Travel associated with social and
community interaction

## Recreation and leisure:

Exercise, sport and outdoor activity
Reading
Playing games and puzzles
Digital games
Watching TV and video
Listening to music, radio, podcast
General internet and device use
Participation in non-formal courses
Relaxing
Hobbies and arts
Travel associated with recreation and leisure

## Example: 2. Calculate averages

|  | Number of people who participated in the activity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Total |
| Primary Activity |  |  |  |
| Domestic activities | 8,457,186 | 9,817,698 | 18,268,523 |
| Food and drink preparation/service | 5,610,721 | 7,951,700 | 13,570,903 |
| Shopping | 3,134,194 | 4,018,259 | 7,140,383 |
| Housework | 4,357,044 | 7,421,586 | 11,775,368 |
| Grounds care and gardening | 1,572,235 | 1,473,715 | 3,048,234 |
| Home and vehicle maintenance | 986,500 | 434,693 | 419,725 |
| Household management | 3,103, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 753,20? | 8,965 |
| Pet and animal care | 1,531,1 |  | -6,001 |
| Travel associated with domestic activities | 2,599,840 |  | 3,845,927 |
| Child care activities | 2,219,626 |  | 5,219,578 |
| Physical and emotional care of children | 1,120,089 |  | 3,257,017 |
| Teaching/helping/reprimanding children | 143,8 |  | 12,836 |
| Playing/reading/talking with child | 1,161,1 | 15,15 | 3,450 |
| Minding child | 524,078 | 816,374 | 336,212 |
| Accompanying child to school or extra-curricular activities | 102,760 | 243,852 | $354,931$ |
| Feeding and food preparation for children | 452,146 | 1,219,261 | 1,670,265 |
| Travel associated with child care activities | 924,844 | 1,516,124 | 2,442,763 |
| Adult care activities | 267,177 | 530,113 | 814,254 |
| Physical care for adults (sick, with disability or aged) | 133,589 | 371,079 | 501,079 |
| Travel associated with adult care activities | 102,760 | 127,227 | 229,661 |
| : |  |  |  |
| Total activities | 10,276,046 | 10,602,266 | 20,878,312 |

Total number of hours spend daily in the activity

| Males | Females | Total |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| hh:mm | hh:mm | hh:mm |
| $\mathbf{2 3 , 8 0 6 , 1 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 , 6 3 4 , 0 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 8 , 4 4 0 , 2 4 2}$ |
| $5,309,290$ | $9,188,631$ | $14,497,921$ |
| $3,254,081$ | $4,417,611$ | $7,671,692$ |
| $4,452,953$ | $10,955,675$ | $15,408,628$ |
| $2,740,279$ | $1,943,749$ | $4,684,028$ |
| $1,883,942$ | 530,113 | $2,414,055$ |
| $2,569,012$ | $3,003,975$ | $5,572,987$ |
| $1,198,872$ | $1,943,749$ | $3,142,621$ |
| $2,397,744$ | $2,650,567$ | $5,048,311$ |
| $6,508,162$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 6 6 2 , 4 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 , 1 7 0 , 6 5 5}$ |
| $1,027,605$ | $3,180,680$ | $4,208,284$ |
| 513,802 | 883,522 | $1,397,324$ |
| $1,712,674$ | $2,297,158$ | $4,009,832$ |
| $1,370,139$ | $1,590,340$ | $2,960,479$ |
| 342,535 | 530,113 |  |
| 342,535 | $1,236,931$ | 872,648 |
| $1,198,872$ | $1,943,749$ | $1,579,466$ |
| 856,337 | $\mathbf{1 , 5 9 0 , 3 4 0}$ | $3,142,621$ |
| 342,535 | 883,522 | $\mathbf{2 , 4 4 6 , 6 7 7}$ |
| 513,802 | 706,818 | $1,226,057$ |
|  |  | $1,220,620$ |

## Example: 2. Identify averages for SDG 5.4.1

Proportion of time spent on $=\underline{\text { Average number of hours spent daily on unpaid domestic and care work }}$ unpaid domestic and care work $=\square 24$

|  | Males | Females | Persons |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Unpaid domestic work (in daily hours) |  |  |  |
| Unpaid care work (in daily hours) | $\mathbf{2 3 , 8 0 6 , 1 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 , 6 3 4 , 0 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 8 , 4 4 0 , 2 4 2}$ |
|  | $7,364,500$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 2 5 2 , 8 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 , 6 1 7 , 3 3 2}$ |

$\square$

## Example: 2. Identify averages for SDG 5.4.1

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Proportion of time spent on } \\
& \text { unpaid domestic and care work }
\end{aligned}=\frac{\text { Average number of hours spent daily on unpaid domestic and care work }}{24} * 100
$$

Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work
$\square$
12.6

Females Persons

| Males |  | Females |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Persons |  |  |
| 12.6 |  | 18.8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



## Total Work

Work ( $19^{\text {th }}$ ICLS): Any activity performed by persons of any sex and age to produce goods or to provide services for use by others or for own use

| Intended destination of production | For own final use |  |  | For use by others |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forms of work | Own-use production work |  |  | Employment (work for pay or profit) |  |  | Unpaid trainee work | Other work activities | Volunteer work |  |  |
|  | Services |  |  |  |  |  | Market and nonmarket units |  | Households producing |  |
|  |  |  | Goods |  |  |  | Goods |  | Services |
| Type of work | Unpaid work (unpaid care work, domestic work and production of goods for own final use ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |  |  | Paid work |  |  |  | Unpaid work (community, volunteer, trainee work ) |  |  |  |  |
| ICATUS 2016 | 4. <br> Unpaid caregiving services for household and family members | 3. <br> Unpaid domestic services for household and family members | 2. <br> Production of goods for own final use | 1. Employment and related activities |  |  | 5. Unpaid volunteer, trainee and other unpaid work |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 11. <br> Employment in corporations, government and non-profit institutions | 12. <br> Employment in household enterprises to produce goods | 13. <br> Employment in households and household enterprises to provide services | 53. Unpaid trainee work and related activities | 59. Other unpaid work activities | 51. <br> Unpaid direct volunteering for other households ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 14 Ancillary activities and breaks related to employment15 Training and studies in relation to employment17 Setting up a business181 Employment-related travel |  |  |  |  | 52. <br> Unpaid community - and organizationbased volunteering ${ }^{b}$ |  |  |

## Time spent on total work

$$
\sum_{j=1}^{5} \text { Activities under ICATUS major division } j
$$

Minimum Set of Gender Indicators I. 2 Average number of hours spent on total work

Note: These indicators require that the time spent in all activities should amount to $\mathbf{2 4}$ hours
Only main activity

## Example: Identify activities for Total work

## Personal care activities:

Sleeping
Sleeplessness
Personal hygiene
Personal health care
Eating and drinking
Travel associated with personal
care activities

## Employment related activities:

Work
Job Search
Travel associated with
emplovment activities

## Education activities:

Formal education
Travel associated with
education activities

## Voluntary work activities:

Voluntary work
Help/favour for friend/neighbour Travel associated with voluntary work

## Domestic activities:

Food and drink preparation/service
Shopping
Housework
Grounds care and gardening
Home and vehicle maintenance
Household management
Pet and animal care
Travel associated with domestic activities

## Child care activities:

Physical and emotional care of children
Teaching/helping/reprimanding children
Playing/reading/talking with child
Minding child
Accompanying child to school or extracurricular activities
Feeding and food preparation for children
Travel associated with child care activities

## Adult care activities:

Physical care for adults (sick, with disability o aged)
Travel associated with adult care activities

## Social and community interaction:

Social Interaction
Visiting entertainment and cultural venues
Eating and drinking out
Religious or cultural practices
Community participation
Travel associated with social and
community interaction

## Recreation and leisure:

Exercise, sport and outdoor activity
Reading
Playing games and puzzles
Digital games
Watching TV and video
Listening to music, radio, podcast
General internet and device use
Participation in non-formal courses
Relaxing
Hobbies and arts
Travel associated with recreation and leisure

## Total Work

## Minimum Set of Gender Indicators I.2: Average number of hours spent on total work (paid and unpaid)

> Average number of hours spent on total work (paid and unpaid)

Total number of hours spent by the population on paid work activities + Total numeber of hours spent by popuation on unpaid work activitiess Total population (regardless of whether they participated in the activity)
hours spent on paid work $=$ Total number of daily hours spent by the population on activites under ICATUS $1 *$
hours spent on unpaid work $=$ Total number of daily hours spent by the population on activities under ICATUS $2+$
Total number of daily hours spent by the population on activities under ICATUS $3+$
Total number of daily hours spent by the population on activities under ICATUS $4+$
Total number of daily hours spent by the population on activities under ICATUS 5

* Except for activities classified under Division 16 Seeking employment and Group 182 Commuting which and are not classified as work as no production takes place even though classified under ICATUS major division 1.


The total work time allows for a more comprehensive analysis of all forms of work and to shed light on the gender division of labour. The total work shows women and men contribution to societies and economies through their production of services and goods. Time-use data can reveal the unequal distribution of paid and unpaid work time (and the benefits associated with each type of work) due to gender norms and roles and unequal power relations.


[^0]:    限: INEG
    Los cuidados pasivos se captan con las preguntas "mientras hacía otra cosa, ¿los cuidó o estuvo al pendiente?" * La diferencia no es significativa.

    Fuente: INEGI. Encuesta Nacional sobre Uso del Tiempo (ENUT) 2019.

